## Tuning SMT Systems on the Training Set

Chris Dyer, Patrick Simianer, Stefan Riezler, Phil Blunsom, Eva Hasler

Project Report

MT Marathon 2011
FBK Trento

## Tuning SMT Systems on the Training Set

ToTS

Goal: Discriminative training using sparse features on the full training set

## Tuning SMT Systems on the Training Set

ToTS

Goal: Discriminative training using sparse features on the full training set
Approach: Picky-picky / elitist learning:

## Tuning SMT Systems on the Training Set

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer
Riezler,
Blunsom
Hasler
Goal: Discriminative training using sparse features on the full training set
Approach: Picky-picky / elitist learning:

- Stochastic learning with true random selection of examples.


## Tuning SMT Systems on the Training Set

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer
Riezler,
Blunsom
Hasler
Goal: Discriminative training using sparse features on the full training set
Approach: Picky-picky / elitist learning:

- Stochastic learning with true random selection of examples.
- Feature selection according to various regularization criteria.


## Tuning SMT Systems on the Training Set

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer
Riezler,
Blunsom
Hasler
Goal: Discriminative training using sparse features on the full training set
Approach: Picky-picky / elitist learning:

- Stochastic learning with true random selection of examples.
- Feature selection according to various regularization criteria.
- Leave-one-out estimation: Leave out sentence/shard currently being trained on when extracting rules/features in training.


## SMT Framework + Data

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer,
Riezler,
Blunsom
Hasler

- cdec decoder (https://github.com/redpony/cdec)


## SMT Framework + Data

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer
Riezler,
Blunsom
Haster

- cdec decoder (https://github.com/redpony/cdec)
- Hiero SCFG grammars


## SMT Framework + Data

ToTS
Dyer,
Riezler,
Blunsom,
Haster

- cdec decoder (https://github.com/redpony/cdec)
- Hiero SCFG grammars
- WMT11 news-commentary corpus


## SMT Framework + Data

ToTS
Dyer,
Riezler,
Blunsom,
Haster

- cdec decoder (https://github.com/redpony/cdec)
- Hiero SCFG grammars
- WMT11 news-commentary corpus
- 132,755 parallel sentences


## SMT Framework + Data

ToTS
Dyer,
Riezler,
Blunsom,
Haster

- cdec decoder (https://github.com/redpony/cdec)
- Hiero SCFG grammars
- WMT11 news-commentary corpus
- 132,755 parallel sentences
- German-to-English


## Learning Framework: SGD for Pairwise Ranking

## ToTS

Dyer,
Simianer,
Riezler,
Blunsom,
Hasler

```
Algorithm extended ranking voted perceptron: training
D={D\mp@subsup{D}{}{1},\ldots,\mp@subsup{D}{}{M}}:\mathrm{ Development set}
C'm}={\mp@subsup{c}{1}{m},\ldots,\mp@subsup{c}{N}{m}}:\mathrm{ the original }N\mathrm{ -best list of }\mp@subsup{D}{}{m
c _ { n } ^ { m } : n \text { -th candidate in C} C ^ { m }
X }\mp@subsup{}{}{m}={\mp@subsup{x}{1}{m},\ldots\mp@subsup{x}{N}{m}}:(\mathrm{ reordered) N-best list of D D
x _ { i } ^ { m } : i \text { -th candidate in the (reordered) N}
Ranking(W,\mp@subsup{C}{}{m}): returns N-best list of C}\mp@subsup{C}{}{m}\mathrm{ reordered
    based on the score, sm}=<W,\phi(\mp@subsup{c}{n}{m})
    \phi(\mp@subsup{x}{n}{m}): the feature vector of }\mp@subsup{x}{n}{m
W: weight vector
V={V
T: Number of pre-defined iteration
    1: For t=1,\ldots,T
    For m=1,\ldots,M;; for each sample in dev-set
        X}\mp@subsup{}{}{m}\leftarrowR\mp@code{Ranking(W,C}\mp@subsup{}{}{m}
        For }i=1,\ldots,|\mp@subsup{X}{}{m}
            For j=i+1,\ldots,|X 位
                If (BLEU (x ( m
                    &WER(xj
                    s=(BLEU(\mp@subsup{x}{j}{m})-BLEU(\mp@subsup{x}{i}{m}))
                        W=W+s*(\phi(\mp@subsup{x}{j}{m})-\phi(\mp@subsup{x}{i}{m}))
                    End_If
            End For
            End_For
            V}=
        End-For
    5: End_For
    16: Return V
```


## Constraint Selection $=$ Sampling of Pairs

- Random sampling of pairs from full chart for pairwise ranking:


## Constraint Selection $=$ Sampling of Pairs

ToTS

- Random sampling of pairs from full chart for pairwise ranking:
- First sample translations according to their model score.


## Constraint Selection $=$ Sampling of Pairs

ToTS
Dyer,
Riezler,
Blunsom
Hasler

- Random sampling of pairs from full chart for pairwise ranking:
- First sample translations according to their model score.
- Then sample pairs.


## Constraint Selection $=$ Sampling of Pairs

ToTS

- Random sampling of pairs from full chart for pairwise ranking:
- First sample translations according to their model score.
- Then sample pairs.
- Sampling will diminish problem of learning to discriminate translations that are too close (in terms of sentence-wise approx. BLEU) to each other.


## Constraint Selection $=$ Sampling of Pairs

ToTS
Dyer,

- Random sampling of pairs from full chart for pairwise ranking:
- First sample translations according to their model score.
- Then sample pairs.
- Sampling will diminish problem of learning to discriminate translations that are too close (in terms of sentence-wise approx. BLEU) to each other.
- Sampling will also speed up learning.


## Constraint Selection $=$ Sampling of Pairs

ToTS
Dyer,

- Random sampling of pairs from full chart for pairwise ranking:
- First sample translations according to their model score.
- Then sample pairs.
- Sampling will diminish problem of learning to discriminate translations that are too close (in terms of sentence-wise approx. BLEU) to each other.
- Sampling will also speed up learning.
- Lots of variations on sampling possible ...


## Candidate Features

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:


## Candidate Features

ToTS

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context: - Hiero SCFG rule identifier


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n -grams within rule


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n-grams within rule
- target n -gram with gaps ( X ) within rule


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n-grams within rule
- target n -gram with gaps $(\mathrm{X})$ within rule
- binned rule counts in full training set


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n-grams within rule
- target n -gram with gaps ( X ) within rule
- binned rule counts in full training set
- rule length features


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n-grams within rule
- target n -gram with gaps ( X ) within rule
- binned rule counts in full training set
- rule length features
- rule shape features


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n-grams within rule
- target n -gram with gaps ( X ) within rule
- binned rule counts in full training set
- rule length features
- rule shape features
- word alignments in rules


## Candidate Features

ToTS
Dyer,

- Efficient computation of features from local rule context:
- Hiero SCFG rule identifier
- target n-grams within rule
- target n -gram with gaps (X) within rule
- binned rule counts in full training set
- rule length features
- rule shape features
- word alignments in rules
- ... and many more!


## Feature Selection

- $\ell_{1} / \ell_{2}$-regularization


## Feature Selection

ToTS
Dyer,

- $\ell_{1} / \ell_{2}$-regularization
- Compute $\ell_{2}$-norm of column vectors ( $=$ vector of examples/shards for each of $n$ features), then $\ell_{1}$-norm of resulting $n$-dimensional vector.


## Feature Selection

ToTS
Dyer,

- $\ell_{1} / \ell_{2}$-regularization
- Compute $\ell_{2}$-norm of column vectors ( $=$ vector of examples/shards for each of $n$ features), then $\ell_{1}$-norm of resulting $n$-dimensional vector.

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{a}}: & {\left[\begin{array}{llll}
4 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\
0 & 4 & 3 & 0
\end{array}\right] \mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{b}}:}
\end{array} \quad\left[\begin{array}{llll}
4 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 4 & 3 & 0
\end{array}\right]\right) \text { 4 } 4 \text { 5 } 3 \rightarrow 140 \rightarrow 12
$$

## Feature Selection

ToTS
Dyer,

- $\ell_{1} / \ell_{2}$-regularization
- Compute $\ell_{2}$-norm of column vectors (= vector of examples/shards for each of $n$ features), then $\ell_{1}$-norm of resulting $n$-dimensional vector.

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{a}}: & {\left[\begin{array}{llll}
4 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\
0 & 4 & 3 & 0
\end{array}\right] \quad \mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{b}}:}
\end{array} \quad\left[\begin{array}{llll}
4 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 4 & 3 & 0
\end{array}\right]\right) \text { 4 } 4 \text { 5 } 3 \text { 3 } 0 \rightarrow 12
$$

- Effect is to choose small subset of features that are useful across all examples/shards


## Feature Selection, done properly

ToTS
Dyer,

- Incremental gradient-based selection of column vectors (Obozinski, Taskar, Jordan: Joint covariant selection and joint subspace selection for multiple classification problems. Stat Comput (2010))


## Feature Selection, done properly

ToTS

Dyer,

- Incremental gradient-based selection of column vectors (Obozinski, Taskar, Jordan: Joint covariant selection and joint subspace selection for multiple classification problems. Stat Comput (2010))

```
Algorithm 1 Approximate block-Lasso path
    Given \(\epsilon\) and \(\xi\),
    while \(\lambda^{t}>\lambda_{\text {min }}\) do
        Set \(j^{*}=\operatorname{argmax}_{j}\left\|\nabla_{w_{j}} J\left(W^{t}\right)\right\|\)
        Update \(w_{j^{*}}^{(t+1)}=w_{j^{*}}^{(t)}-\epsilon u^{t}\) with \(u^{t}=\frac{\nabla_{w_{j^{*}}} J}{\| \nabla_{w_{j^{*}} J \|}}\)
        \(\lambda^{t+1}=\min \left(\lambda^{t}, \frac{J\left(W^{t}\right)-J\left(W^{t+1}\right)}{\epsilon}\right)\)
        Add \(j^{*}\) to the active set
        Enforce (4) for covariates in the active set with \(\xi_{0}=\xi\).
    end while
```


## Feature Selection, quick and dirty

- Combine feature selection with averaging:


## Feature Selection, quick and dirty

ToTS
Dyer,
Riezler,
Blunsom,
Hasler

- Combine feature selection with averaging:
- Keep only those features with large enough $\ell_{2}$-norm computed over examples/shards.


## Feature Selection, quick and dirty

ToTS
Dyer,

Hasler

- Combine feature selection with averaging:
- Keep only those features with large enough $\ell_{2}$-norm computed over examples/shards.
- Then average feature values over examples/shards.


## How far did we get in a few days?

- First full training run finished!


## How far did we get in a few days?

ToTS
Dyer,

- First full training run finished!
- 150k parallel sentences from news commentary data, German-to-English


## How far did we get in a few days?

ToTS
Dyer,

- First full training run finished!
- 150k parallel sentences from news commentary data, German-to-English
- pairwise ranking perceptron


## How far did we get in a few days?

ToTS
Dyer,

- First full training run finished!
- 150k parallel sentences from news commentary data, German-to-English
- pairwise ranking perceptron
- sample 100 translations from chart, use all $100^{*}(99) / 2$ pairs


## How far did we get in a few days?

ToTS
Dyer,

- First full training run finished!
- 150k parallel sentences from news commentary data, German-to-English
- pairwise ranking perceptron
- sample 100 translations from chart, use all $100^{*}(99) / 2$ pairs
- OR: use n-best list
- sparse rule-id features AND/OR dense features


## How far did we get in a few days?

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer
Riezler,
Blunsom,
Hasler

- First full training run finished!
- 150k parallel sentences from news commentary data, German-to-English
- pairwise ranking perceptron
- sample 100 translations from chart, use all $100^{*}(99) / 2$ pairs
- OR: use n-best list
- sparse rule-id features AND/OR dense features
- 200 shards ( 25 machines with 8 cores)


## Results

- Still a lot of bugs due to integration of code from different sources


## Results

ToTS

- Still a lot of bugs due to integration of code from different sources
- Infrastructure is working


## Results

ToTS

- Still a lot of bugs due to integration of code from different sources
- Infrastructure is working
- Experiments still running


## Results

ToTS
Dyer,

- Still a lot of bugs due to integration of code from different sources
- Infrastructure is working
- Experiments still running
- Sensible things happening:
- Best rule $X \rightarrow X_{1}$, dass $X_{2}, X_{1}$ that $X_{2}$
- Bad rule $X \rightarrow X_{1}$ oder $X_{2}, X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$


## Results

ToTS
Dyer,

- Still a lot of bugs due to integration of code from different sources
- Infrastructure is working
- Experiments still running
- Sensible things happening:
- Best rule $X \rightarrow X_{1}$, dass $X_{2}, X_{1}$ that $X_{2}$
- Bad rule $X \rightarrow X_{1}$ oder $X_{2}, X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$
- At the moment still trailing behind MERT ...


## Results

ToTS
Dyer,

- Still a lot of bugs due to integration of code from different sources
- Infrastructure is working
- Experiments still running
- Sensible things happening:
- Best rule $X \rightarrow X_{1}$, dass $X_{2}, X_{1}$ that $X_{2}$
- Bad rule $X \rightarrow X_{1}$ oder $X_{2}, X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$
- At the moment still trailing behind MERT ...
- We'll catch up!


## Thanks

ToTS
Dyer,
Simianer
Riezler,
Blunsom
Hasler

# Thanks to organizers for great opportunity to learn/chat/hobnob! 

